

Community Healthlink

Building Primary Care and Wellness Services in a Community Mental Health Center

Melissa Arrell John Croffett LICSW Erik Garcia MD Audrey Hunter RN Sarah Langenfeld MD America Rodriguez Anne Treadwell LPN Scott Szretter BA

Liz Clinkscales MDIV Nicole Gagne LICSW Marie Hobart MD Monika Kolodziej PhD Joyce Landers NP Justine Rovezzi RN Debbie Truong MA Bob Wiedeman MA



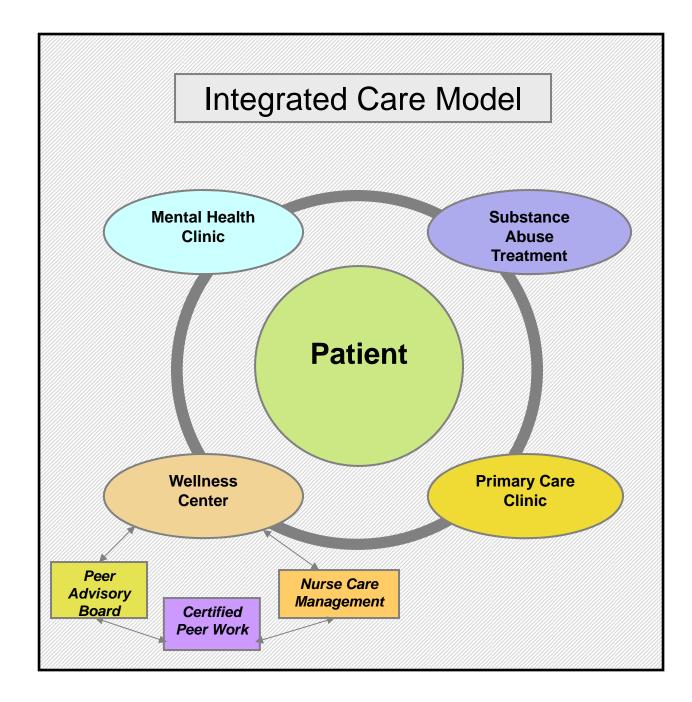


## THE DIRECTION OF INTEGRATIVE CARE

Marie Hobart, MD

#### Primary & Behavioral Health Care Integration (PBHCI) Program

- Funded by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Association (SAMHSA)
- Involves 94 grantees nationally: 4 in MA
  - CHL in Worcester 10/09
  - Behavioral Health Network in Springfield 9/12
  - Center for Human Development in Springfield 9/12
  - SSTAR in Fall River 9/12
- Enrollment since 2009: over 37 thousand participants with mental illness and co-occurring substance addiction and chronic medical conditions



### **The Wellness Program at CHL**

Bridging the gap between primary care and behavioral health through services, collaboration, support, and outreach

#### **Primary Care Providers**

- Physical health assessment and care
- Collaboration with mental health services and community providers

#### Nurse Care Managers & Certified Peer Specialist

- Care management
- Wellness planning and engagement
- Collaboration

#### **Evaluation Team**

- Assessment of progress
- Coordination of events
- Dissemination of findings

#### IT & Administrative Support

- Integrated Health Record
- Scheduling and coordination
- Essential to success!

Clinical Registry Data: Services Offered Examples of Services Provided For 355 Patients During One Quarter (FY 2013 Q3)						
Physical Health Service	es (primary care, nursing)					
Screen/Assessment/Planning	665					
Medication Management	363					
Mental Health Services	(psychiatry, counseling)					
Screen/Assessment/Planning	1571					
Medication Management	730					
Substance Use Se	ervices (counseling)					
Screen/Assessment/Planning	634					
Counseling	630					
Wellness Services (nursing, peer specialist)						
Education (e.g., smoking cessation)	258					
Activities (e.g., walking, yoga)	407					
Individual, specific support	386					

### **Program Challenges and Gains**

#### Gains

- Increased access and utilization of primary care and wellness
- Increased provider collaboration and care plans
- A model for increased integration and collaboration across CHL programs and locations.

#### Challenges

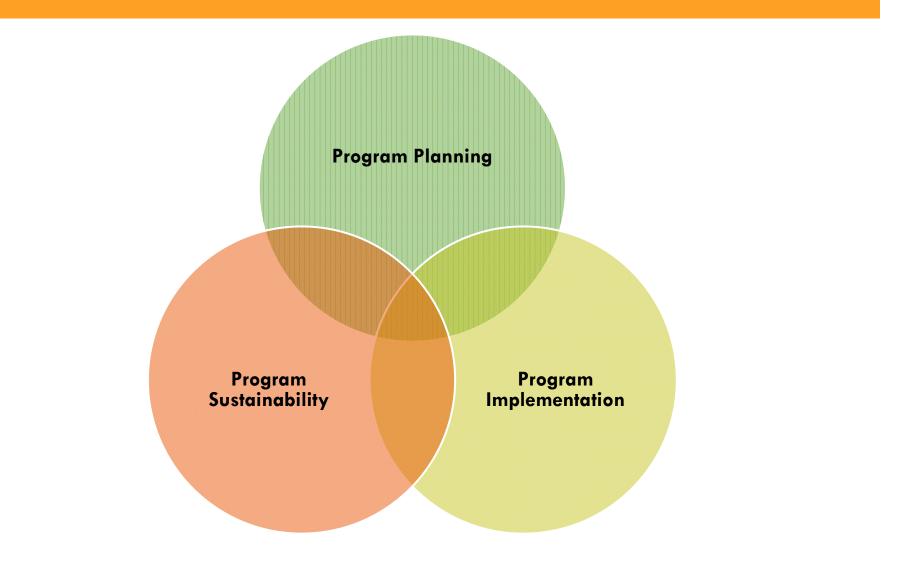
- Integrated electronic medical records
- Transitioning to new methods of payment One Care, Mass Health Changes
- Provider/client buy-in and/or communication



### WELLNESS PROGRAM EVALUATION

Monika Kolodziej, PhD

### **Evaluation Components**



### **PBHCI Organizational Data**

- Infrastructure Development, Prevention, and Mental Health Promotion (IPP) Indicators: infrastructure and workforce development: assessed quarterly
- PBHCI reports on organizational successes and challenges concerning implementation of services, staff and infrastructure changes, funding and insurance variables: submitted quarterly to SAMHSA
- Qualitative stakeholder interviews: perceptions of program, personal engagement: conducted in 2010 and 2011
- CHL Staff Tobacco Survey: clinical practice, attitudes, training needs: developed and administered in March-May 2013 (<u>n</u>=421)

#### **PBHCI Program Participant Data**

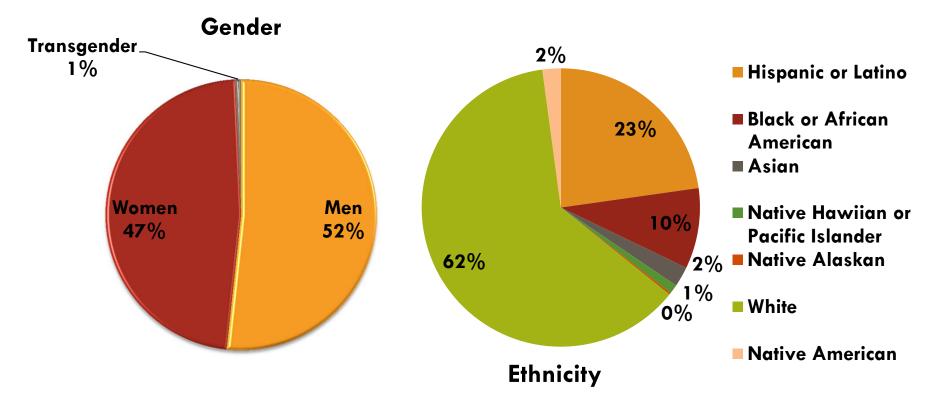
- National Outcomes Measures (NOMS): semi-structured interview querying about psychosocial functioning and perceptions of care (every 6 months)
- Physical health indicators: BP, Weight, BMI, Waist Circumference, CO level, Blood Glucose, HgbA1c, Lipids, Triglycerides (every 3 to 12 months)
- CHL chart data: demographic and diagnostic characteristics (every quarter or as needed)
- Clinical registry: primary care, wellness, and mental health services received (every quarter)
- Qualitative interviews: perceptions of the program (every year with sub-groups of interest)
- Data extracted for specific purposes (e.g., PBHCI patients prescribed Suboxone)

### **PBHCI Program Participants**

#### 12

**489 participants** were enrolled since the start of the program in February 2010 to March 2014 (348 consumers are currently enrolled)

- Approximately 70% are enrolled with our on-site primary care
- Approximately 70% are actively engaged in services



### Health Risks at Enrollment

Indicator	<u>n1</u>	<u>M</u> ( <u>SD</u> )	At-risk range used by SAMHSA
Systolic Blood Pressure	379	126 (18)	Greater than 130
Diastolic Blood Pressure	379	80 (11)	Greater than 85
BMI	384	31 (7)	25 and above
Breath CO	269	11 (11)	10 and above
Fasting Plasma Glucose	283	107 (49)	Greater than 100
HgbA1c	236	6.1 (1.7)	5.7 and above
HDL Cholesterol	288	47 (21)	Less than 40
LDL Cholesterol	282	102 (37)	130 and above

### Physical Health Indicators from Baseline to a 12-month Period

Section H Indicator	# of Cases	At-Risk Baseline (%)	At-Risk at 2nd Interview (%)	Outcome Improved (%)	No Longer At-Risk (%)	Outcome Remained At-Risk (%)
BP -						
Systolic	229	38.9	36.7	19.2	20.1	18.8
BP -	220		25.4		20 5	12.1
Diastolic	229	33.6	35.4	13.1	20.5	13.1
BP -						
Combined	229	48.0	48.9	18.3	20.1	27.9
вмі	227	81.1	81.5	37.9	4.0	77.1
	221	01.1	01.5	57.5	4.0	//.1
Waist Circumfer						
ence	159	69.8	67.9	42.8	11.3	58.5

### **Physical Health Indicators**

Section H Indicator	# of Cases	At-Risk Baseline (%)	At-Risk at 2nd Interview (%)	Outcome Improved (%)	No Longer At-Risk (%)	Outcome Remained At-Risk (%)
Breath CO	134	40.3	45.5	26.1	4.5	35.8
Plasma Glucose					. – .	
(fasting)	35	54.3	45.7	48.6	17.1	37.1
HgbA1c	30	66.7	73.3	26.7	6.7	60.0
HDL Cholesterol	43	34.9	34.9	46.5	11.6	23.3
LDL Cholesterol	41	17.1	19.5	46.3	9.8	7.3
Tri- glycerides	42	45.2	40.5	54.8	21.4	23.8

#### **Lessons Learned**

- Integrated care interventions are effective for persons with complex diagnostic profiles; develop organizational infrastructure
- Integrated interventions need to be incorporated into treatment plans at mental health and addiction treatment programs; shift team processes
- Persons with mental illness and co-occurring disorders benefit from wellness services and opportunities to engage with a peer specialist; create new services



### CERTIFIED PEER SPECIALISTS (CPS)

Liz Clinkscales, MDIV

### **Role as CPS in the PBHCI**

- Respect and invite peers to voice their opinions
- Provide support and encourage them to drive their lives and recovery in meaningful ways
- Promote self-determination
- Inspire hope and model concrete examples that "recovery is real" for peers using mental health services
- □ Facilitate groups and individual sessions

#### WELLNESS ACTIVITIES

#### Choose Wellness!

	Monday	Tueso	day	Wednesda	y Thursd	ay	Friday
All day		PRIMARY CARE CLINIC 8:30 – 4:30 Call (774) 312-2764		F.Y.I. Wellness participal can pay \$20 per ye for "Y" membersh	ear Call (774) 31	30	ASK A NURSE 10:30 – 11:00 Call Anne at
8:30am –				There are no restrictions on the	day		(508) 438-5658
9:30am 10:00am – 11:00am				or time that you can with a Y membersh Note: You must provide your own transportation.	nip.		10 DIMENSIONS OF WELLNESS (Everyday Miracles) 10:30 – 11:30 Call Liz at (774) 312-2758 Starting Jan. 10 for 10 Weeks MEDITATION GROUP 11:00 – 12:00 Call Justine at
11:00am – 12:30pm	CESSATION HELP By appointment Call Liz at (774) 312-2758				GYM (Work Out V Free Call Liz (774) 312- Transport provide	at 2758 ation	
1:30pm – 3:30pm	ASK A NURSE			Ŷ			(774) 312-2417 PRIMARY CARE CLINIC
3:30pm – 4:30pm	3:00 – 3:30 Call Justine at (774) 312-2417			YOGA Call Liz at (774) 312-275	58		1:00 – 4:00 Call America at (774) 312-2764
Liz Clinkscales Certified Peer Speciali 72 Jaques Ave., Office # (774) 312-2758	st Nurse Care M 104 72 Jaques Ave.	Care Manager Nurse Ca Ave. Office #103 12 Queen		readwell re Manager t. Office #141 138-5658	America Rodriguez Senior Receptionist 12 Queen St. Office (774) 312-2764	-	Debbie Truong m Evaluation Coordinator aques Ave. Office #102A (774) 312-2761

\*\*NOTE: A PROVIDER DIABETES GROUP will be held on a monthly basis from 1:00-2:30. Must RSVP. Call America at 774-312-2764 for more information.

### Whole Health Action Management (WHAM)

- Incorporates10 evidence-based dimensions of wellness:
  - Teaches self-management skills and how it affects having a healthy body and mind
- Groups were previously only facilitated to PBHCI peers:
  - BUT now I bridge substance use disorder units within CHL
    - Including Detox, TSS, MYR, PASSAGES, and a Recovery Community Organization

### WHAM (cont'd)

#### Purpose of groups:

- Facilitated weekly on different dimensions of wellness that are essential for peers as they begin or continue to sustain their recovery
- Educates peers about the importance of treating the whole person, a pre-requisite, to achieving overall wellness
- Identifies individual strengths, and patterns of behavior
- Person-centered planning

### Topics

#### **Improving Health**

- Stress Management
- Healthy Eating
- Restful Sleep
- Physical Activity



#### The Importance of Attitude

- Optimism Based on Positive Expectations (future)
- Cognitive Skills to Avoid
  Negative Thinking (self)

#### **Smoking Cessation**

Individual/groups

#### **Spiritual Support**

- Spiritual Beliefs and Practices offered in 10-Dimensions of Wellness curriculum
- Spiritual support provided upon request; I am an ordained minister

### Benefits According to Peers Serviced in PBHCI

#### Positive self-reports from peers:

- Conveniences of services offered in one location
- Physical activity provides healthy alternatives and focus from mental and physical health problems (e.g., anxiety, depression, social isolation, chronic pain)
- Having a peer specialist available to them makes them feel understood (mutuality)
- Open door policy gives them a sense of belonging to the agency and community
- Peers with spiritual beliefs and practices appreciate Spirituality

### **Challenges of Working in PBHCI**

- Rejection of a peer specialist as a trained and certified professional
- Inclusiveness is a continuous struggle for some mental health and medical experts to value and integrate peer contribution
- Accept that there are many pathways to recovery
- □ Acknowledge that recovery is real!
- Resistance that WHAM trainings as resourceful and complementary addition to behavioral health recommendations
- Standing up and voicing oppressed treatment from staff

### Benefits of working in PBHCI

- Addressing the whole person as a major factor on influencing health
- Functioning in the role of a change agent
- Serving as a compassionate presence
- Providing peers with a sense of belonging

# Ch@@se Wellness!



#### The Wellness Team at Community Healthlink

12 Queen St.

Worcester, MA 01610