Multisystemic Therapy for Emerging Adults: Recidivism Reduction for Those with Mental Illness

Ashli Sheidow, Maryann Davis Charles Lidz, Michael McCart



COLLABORATORS

Maryann Davis, Ph.D., William Fisher, Ph.D., Charles Lidz, Ph.D. University of MA Medical School, Center for Mental Health Services Research, Department of Psychiatry

Ashli J. Sheidow , Ph.D., Michael McCart, Ph.D., Scott Henggeler, Ph.D. *Medical University of SC, Family Services Research Center, Department of Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences*

Sara Lourie, MSW & Anne McIntyre-Lahner, MS, *Connecticut Department of Children and Families*

Edward Mulvey, Ph.D., University of Pittsburgh **MaryEvans, Ph.D**., FMHI, University of South Florida

MST-TAY Team - North American Family Institute

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Presentation Outline

Background

Treatment overview

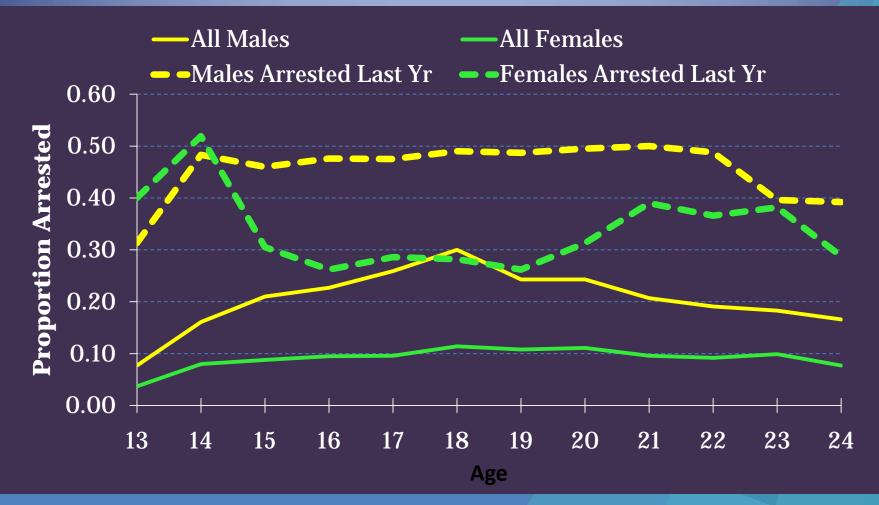
Pilot study

Preliminary data

Next steps



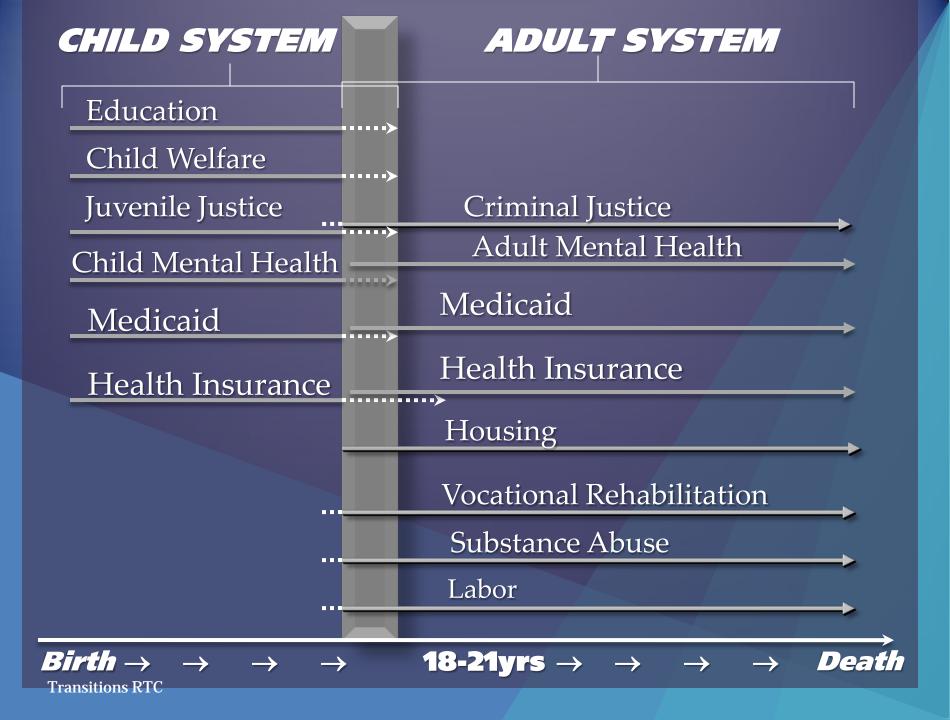
Arrest Rate in Adolescent Public Mental Health System Users





Transitions RTC

Davis, M., Banks, S., Fisher, W, .Gershenson, B., & Grudzinskas, A. (2007). Arrests of adolescent clients of a public mental health system during adolescence and young adulthood. *Psychiatric Services, 58,* 1454-1460.



Multisystemic Therapy (MST)

Target population

Empirical support

Key elements



MST for Emerging Adults

- Adaptation of MST for use with justice-involved emerging adults who have serious mental health conditions
 - Treatment of antisocial behavior & serious mental health conditions
 - Social Network
 - Life Coach & Psychiatrist on MST Team
 - Mental Health, Substance Use, and Trauma Interventions
 - Housing & Independent Living
 - Career Goals
 - Relationship Skills
 - Parenting Curriculum



Inclusion and Exclusion Criteria

- 17-20 year olds with a diagnosed serious or chronic mental health condition
 Recent arrest or release from incarceration
 Living in stable community residence (i.e., not homeless)
- Having involvement from family members is neither an inclusion nor exclusion criteria
 Individuals who have children or are pregnant are not excluded

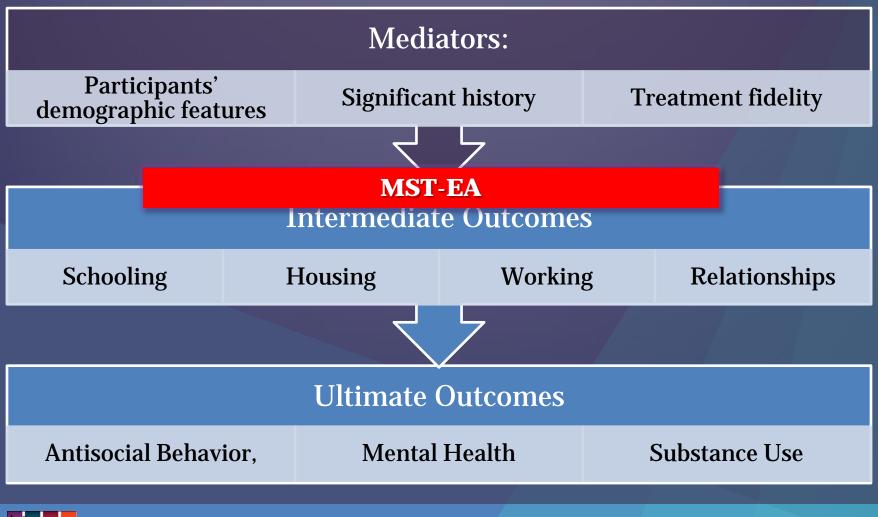


Research Design

- Single Case Series all participants in MST-EA
- Feasibility Study
 - Can we recruit and retain in intervention
 - Safety
 - Can we recruit and retain in research
 - Measures appropriate
- Finalize Manual



Research Design cont'd





Interview Schedule

Baseline

- Demographics
- Significant Hx
- Antisocial Behaviorl
- Substance Use
- MH Symptoms
- School/Work
- Relationships

Monthly

- School/Work
- Antisocial Behavior
- Substance Use
- Services/Residence
- Fidelity
- Therapeutic Alliance (client & therapist)

6&12Month

- Monthly Plus...
- MH Symptoms
- Relationships
- Urine Toxicology
- School & Court records

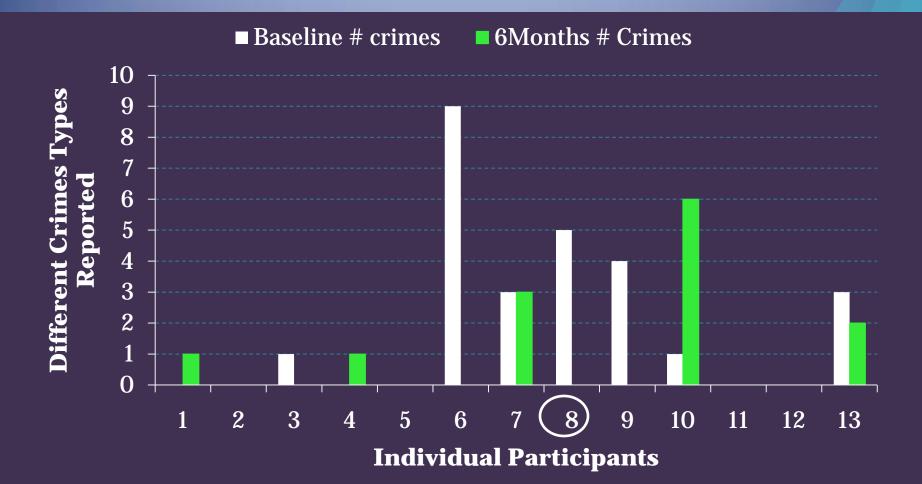


MST-EA Baseline Demographic Sample Features (N=13)

Demographic Characteristic	Distribution
Gender	54% Female
Race	46% African American, 54% White
Ethnicity	15% Hispanic
Age (range 17-18yrs)	54% 17 year olds
Highest Education Level	38% 11 th grade, 38% 10 th grade,
Achieved	15%<10 th grade, 8% GED
"Usual" place to live in past	85% Family's home, 8% Foster Care, 8%
12 months	Treatment facility
History of paid employment	62% Yes



Baseline vs 6 Month Crime Variety in Past 30 Days (YSRDS)





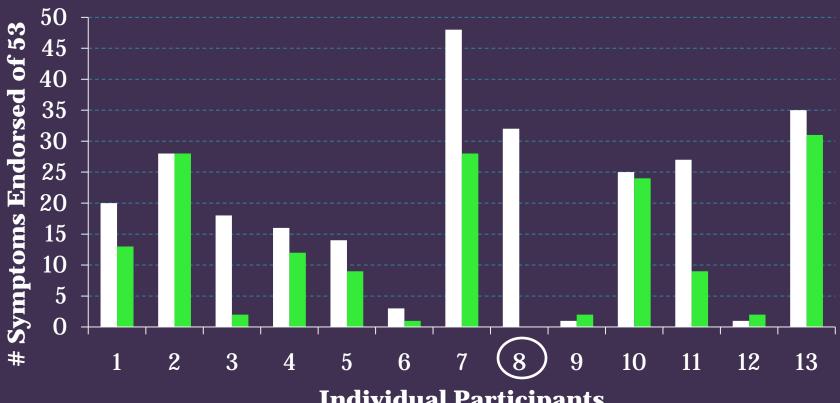
Transitions RTC

4 reduced crime variety, 3 increased crime variety, 5 no change

Baseline vs 6 Month Symptoms (BSI)

6Months # Symptoms

■ Baseline # Symptoms



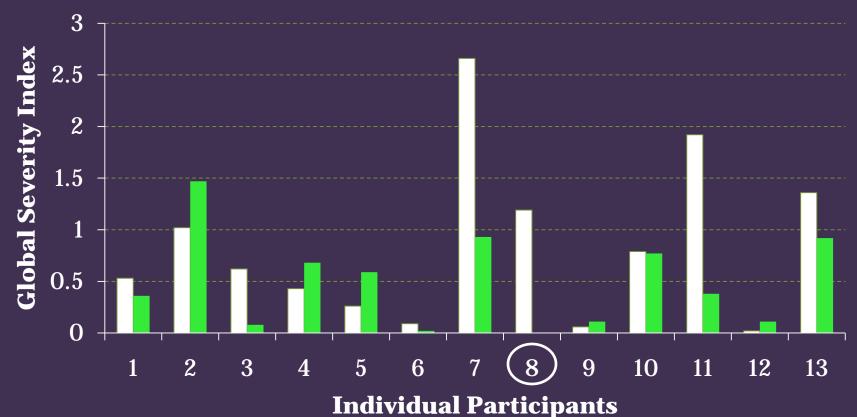
Individual Participants



Transitions RTC

9 w/fewer # symptoms, 2 w/small increase, 1 w/no change

Baseline vs 6 Month Symptoms (BSI)



Baseline Intensity 6Months Intensity

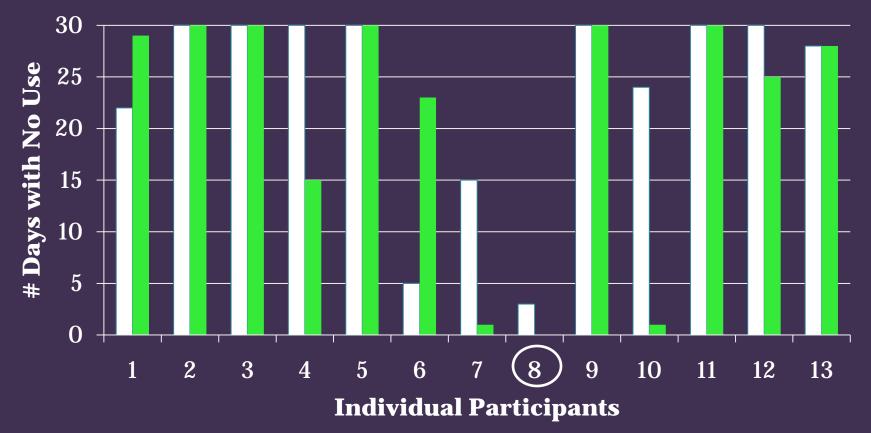


Transitions RTC

6 improved, 5 worse, 1 same

Baseline vs 6 Month Days Without Alcohol or Marijuana (GAIN)

■ Baseline ■ 6Months





Transitions RTC

5 w/No Use either time, 2 improved, 1 same, 4 worse

Challenges

Experiment in Real Community Service

- Sits between Child/Adult/MH/Justice
- Budget crisis
- Justice system unfamiliar with MH
- Therapist turnover
 - Costly to train, reduces capacity
- Tough to follow longitudinally
 - Disposable cell phones, mobile group, disconnected socially
 - Relationship to interviewer critical
 - Measures boring/irrelevant/adult



% Missing Interviews





Additional Collaborators

Thanks to our Research Team: Kim Smith Stephanie Ueberall Richard Rondeau Sandra Brown

